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Mt. Hood — Sandy River

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY

SPRING 1944
FALL 1943

WHOLESALE

141 S. E. 65TH AVENUE
PORTLAND 16, OREGON

EVERGREENS---Propagators and Growers

TERMS AND INFORMATION

The Sherwood Nursery Co. are propagators and growers of evergreen trees and shrubs, specializing in the production of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. Plants can be shipped from our nursery from about September 30, throughout the fall, winter and spring to about May 1. Earlier shipment than May is advised for most varieties.

TERMS:

Our terms are strictly net cash. Note carefully the following conditions:

1. We pay all express or parcel post charges on lining out stock to any point in the United States. (Lining out stock for this purpose may be defined as any stock not listed as B&B, or specimen, but not including Thyme, which is not classed as lining out stock).
2. We will reserve stock for future fall or spring delivery when at least one-fourth of the purchase price accompanies the order. Balance C.O.D.
3. At least one-fourth of the purchase price must accompany all lining out orders. Balance C.O.D. Payment in full required on all B&B shipments.
4. The prices quoted are net cash prices but ten per cent discount will be deducted from the list price of all lining out stock when delivery is made at our nursery.

Prices on our B&B stock are F.O.B. at our Portland Nursery.

Positively no order for lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety.

Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to one size and one variety only.

We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great.

Five plants of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

5. The prices quoted herein will hold throughout the coming nursery year, (fall and spring), unless unforeseen tax, regulation or increased shipping costs due to war conditions should compel modification.

PACKING:

No packing charge.

Many small balled grades can be shipped safely, packed bare roots in moss thereby cutting down shipping costs.

Our method of packing insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition at any place in the United States.

RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner, and we make no guarantee, either expressed or implied, that the plants will grow or give specific results. All shipments are at the risk of purchaser after being delivered to the carrier. We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm, crop failure or other cause result in injury or destruction of stock, or in inability to deliver.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY
141 S. E. 65th Ave., Portland, Oregon

TO REACH NURSERY:

Drive east on East Stark Street highway to Southeast 72nd Avenue.

OR, drive east on East Burnside to Southeast 73rd Avenue.

Nursery is reached in a fifteen minute drive from the center of city by either one of these two main highways leading eastward.

GENERAL LIST

Including Conifers and Broad Leaved Evergreens, Deciduous Shrubs and Rock Plants.

Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush. A beautiful, hardy evergreen. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. Blooms all summer and is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage. After the flowers have fallen the persistent purplish sepals are still attractive.

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|---|--------|---------|-------|----------|
| 12-18 inches twice transplanted.....B&B | \$.35 | \$ 3.20 | \$ 27 | \$ |
| 18-24 " " " ".....B&B | .45 | 4.10 | 36 | ----- |
| 2- 3 feet twice transplanted.....B&B | .60 | 5.40 | 49 | ----- |

Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia)

A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves and the flowers as well being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers pink and white, same as grandiflora. Thick-branching and very compact. A choice little plant, especially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt need. Originated by us and has proven a great favorite.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 12-18 " " "..... | 11 | 88 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 12 | 96 |

ABIES (FIRS)

See also *Pseudotsuga*

Abies balsamea (Balsam Fir)

A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has fairly dense foliage of aromatic properties and believed by some to possess medicinal value. Needles are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-------|
| 6-8 inches once transplanted..... | 7 | ----- |
| 8-10 " " "..... | 8 | 64 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | 9 | 72 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | 11 | 88 |
| 15-18 " " "..... | 13 | 104 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 15 | 120 |

Abies concolor (White Fir)

A tree of symmetrical growth and beautiful bluish foliage. It has great resistance to heat, cold and drought, and these qualities combined with its beautiful landscape effect make it a truly desirable tree in many locations.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----|
| 4- 6 inches not transplanted..... | 6 | 48 |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | 7 | 56 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | 8 | 64 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | 9 | 72 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inch spread specimen..... | .20 | 1.80 | 16 | ----- |
| 6- 8 " " " " | .25 | 2.25 | 20 | ----- |

AUCUBAS

Aucuba japonica (Pollenizers)

Male plants. Aucubas seldom bear berries unless pollenizers are planted with them. The large red berries are one of the attractive features of Aucubas and it is therefore essential to plant the pollenizers. The foliage is fine solid deep green.

| green. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 8 | \$ 64 |
| 6- 8 " " " " | | | 9 | 72 |
| 8-10 " " " " | | | 10 | 80 |

Aucuba japonica nana (Dwarf Aucuba) (Female)

This is a dwarf form with lustrous green leaves and a profusion of bright scarlet berries borne in clusters making a combination of surpassing beauty. Appeals to everyone. Hardy at Ogden, Utah. Comparatively new and rare, but certain to find a place in many gardens. Like the other *Aucubas*, it is dioecious and the male plants must be planted with the females to produce fruit.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 6-8 " " " " | 9 | 72 |
| 8-10 " " " " | 10 | 80 |
| 10-12 " " " " | 11 | 88 |
| 6-8 inches twice transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 8-10 " " " " | 11 | 88 |
| 10-12 " " " " | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 " " " " | 15 | 120 |

Aucuba japonica variegata (Golddust Aucuba) (Female)

Leaves large, glossy, dark green splashed with gold. Hardy and resistant to smoke and dust. The variegated foliage gives this plant a bright cheerful aspect and since it thrives best in deep shade it is a most useful evergreen for brightening dark, shady corners difficult to landscape. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 6-8 " " " | 9 | 72 |
| 8-10 " " " | 10 | 80 |

Aucuba japonica variegata (With small gold spots) (Female)

A beautiful plant with smaller leaves and smaller, deeper golden spots than Goldust. The foliage is dense and there is a suggestion of gold reflected across the entire face of the fine glossy leaves.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 6- 8 " " "" | 9 | 72 |

Aucuba japonica variegata (With small gold spots) (Pollenizers)

The description is the same as for the female above.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 6- 8 " " "" | 9 | 72 |

Azalea hinodegiri (Crimson Azalea from Cuttings)

| most popular dwarf ornamental shrubs. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| 2- 4 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 10 | \$ 80 |
| 4- 6 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 12 | 96 |
| 6- 8 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 15 | 120 |
| 8-10 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 18 | 144 |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 12 |
| 6- 8 " " " "..... | 15 |
| 8-10 " " " "..... | 18 |
| 10-12 " " " "..... | 20 |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 6-8 " " "" | 12 | 96 |

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 2- 4 inches once transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 4- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " " | 12 | 96 |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 12 | 96 |
| 6-8 " " "" | 15 | 120 |

| | | |
|--|----|-----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 7 | 56 |
| 6-8 " " " " | 9 | 72 |
| 8-10 " " " " | 11 | 88 |
| 10-12 " " " " | 13 | 104 |
| 12-15 " " " " | 15 | 120 |
| 4-8 inches once transplanted with one to four flower buds..... | 15 | 120 |
| 8-12 inches once transplanted with one to four flower buds..... | 18 | 144 |
| 12-15 inches once transplanted with one to four flower buds..... | 22 | 176 |

Azalea sherwoodi (Sherwood Orchid Azalea)

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. It has been awarded a prize in a rare plant exhibit. We have been developing and trying it out for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention from visitors. Foliage about the size and gloss of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea, but the plant is somewhat hardier than the hinodegiri. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant, and are large for a dwarf azalea. This evergreen fills the need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled.

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 12 | \$ 96 |
| 6- 8 "....." | | | 15 | 120 |

Barberry—See *Berberis*

Bearberry—See *Arctostaphylos*

Beargrass—See *Xerophyllum*

BERBERIS (BARBERRIES)**Berberis darwini** (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chili to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about 3 feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly-like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange-colored flowers. Very decorative.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 12-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|

Berberis dulcis nana

Often called Dwarf Box Barberry. Foliage deep green, compact. Hardy evergreen with orange flowers. One of the best low hedge and border plants. Height 18 inches to 2 feet.

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 6- 8 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|

The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

Berberis julianae (Wintergreen Barberry)

One of the best upright barberries. The leaves are large, foliage heavy and the thorns which are long and sharp, are well hidden by the foliage. Some of the leaves remain green through the winter, others turn brilliant scarlet and are mingled among the green leaves in the fall and winter in a most showy and attractive manner.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|

Berberis verruculosa

Height 3 to 4 feet. One of the new introductions from Western China. The small glossy leaves form a mass of dark evergreen foliage, which turns to a gorgeous red in colder climates. Flowers golden yellow. Flourishes in heat or cold, and is one of the hardiest and best of barberries.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|

Boxwood—See *Buxus*

Broom—See *Cytisus*, *Genista* or *Spartium*

Bugle—See *Ajuga*

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

| | | | | | |
|--|-----|------|-------|----|-------|
| 8-10 inches twice transplanted..... | | | | 12 | |
| 10-12 " " " "..... | | | | 15 | |
| 12-15 " " " "..... | | | | 20 | |
| 15-18 inches three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.00 | 9.00 | | |
| 18-24 " " " "..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.20 | | |

Cotoneaster salicifolia (Willowleaf Cotoneaster)

Cytisus scoparius (California Broom)

Flowers are large, foliage extra good. There is a pleasing intermingling of crimson, cream and rose in the flowers, which are well displayed on somewhat open branches. The flowers are lighter than Dorothy Walpole. The general color effect is distinctly pink.

| | | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|--|-----|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| 18-24 inches three times transplanted..... | B&B | \$.50 | \$ 4.50 | \$..... | \$..... |
| 2- 3 feet three times transplanted..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | | |

Cytisus scoparius (St. Marys Broom)

Flowers are large, clear, creamy white in color and well distributed along the branches. Plant is of rather symmetrical growth, strong and vigorous. For purity of color St. Marys stands alone. Hardy. Height 6 feet.

| | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 2- 3 feet three times transplanted..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 | |
|---|-----|-----|------|----|-------|

SPECIAL MIXED BROOM COLLECTION

We have in our nursery numerous varieties of broom in lining out stock in *Cytisus*, *Genista* and *Spartium*. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and all are good stock. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| Once transplanted..... | | | 12 | |
| Twice transplanted..... | | | 18 | |

Daboecia polifolia (Swedish Bell Heather)

The plant, flowers and foliage are smaller and the flowers a deeper pink than Irish Bell Heather. Flowers are in racemes, are small, bell like and nodding. Height 12 to 15 inches, spread 18 inches. Blooms in July and August. Hardy evergreen.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|---|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | | | 9 | 72 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|---|----|

Daboecia polifolia alba (White Irish Bell Heather)

Similar to the rosea, but having nodding flowers of purest white, resembling Lily of the Valley in form and size. Has bright green foliage. Height 18 inches, spread 2 feet. Beautiful hardy evergreen. Rare.

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | | | 9 | 72 |
| 6- 8 inches twice transplanted..... | | | 15 | 120 |

Daboecia polifolia rosea (Pink Irish Bell Heather)

A splendid dwarf evergreen growing 2 feet high. Foliage fine, dark green above, silvery beneath. The flowers are abundant, rosy lavender, and resemble little bells nodding from the tips of slender, erect stems. It is one of the few dwarf shrubs which starts blooming in spring and continues in bloom until cold weather. Very desirable for borders, rockeries and masses. Hardy and new.

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|
| 6- 8 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .35 | 3.20 | 27 | |
| 8-10 " " " "..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | |
| 10-12 " " " "..... | B&B | .45 | 4.10 | 36 | |
| 12-15 " " " "..... | B&B | .55 | 5.00 | 45 | |
| 15-18 " " " "..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | | |

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

One of the attractive new evergreens. Height about 18 inches, foliage soft, thick, and much branched. The flowers are large, clustered pink bells. It stays in bloom all summer. Hardy, very rare. This variety is a real gem and merits the attention given it. It possesses unusual delicacy, both in foliage and blossoms.

| | | |
|------|----|-----|
| Each | 10 | 100 |
|------|----|-----|

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 6- 8 " " " "..... | | | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " " "..... | | | 10 | 80 |
| 10-12 " " " "..... | | | 12 | |

This is one of the most attractive and desirable plants grown in our nursery. It is hardy and dwarf, seldom reaching more than 1 foot in height. It has beautiful, dense, dark green foliage and from early winter to spring is covered with such a profusion of lovely, purplish blossoms that the foliage is practically obscured. It is not unusual to see this brave little plant blossoming through the snow. Being a winter bloomer, hardy, equally good for rockeries, borders, groups and masses, it should be included in every planting.

| | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|-----|
| 4- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | | | 12 | 96 |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | | | 15 | 120 |
| 6- 8 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .35 | 3.20 | 27 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 |

An upright heather to 4 or 5 feet. Vigorous grower with fine, very dense dark green foliage and producing a wealth of lovely purple tinted flowers. In general characteristics it might be thought of as a tall erect form of Darley Heath. Fits well into average plantings. Hardy. Blooms from Christmas to late spring. A gorgeous plant when in bloom and always attractive in foliage.

| | | | | | |
|---|-----|------|----|----|----|
| 6-8 inches once transplanted..... | | | | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " "" | | | | 10 | 80 |
| 10-12 " " "" | | | | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B | .60 | 5.40 | 49 | | |

Grows 3 to 4 feet high. Has lavender bloom in mid-summer and fine, dense, bright green foliage. Native of Corsica. One of the hardiest of the heaths. A good landscape subject. It is excellent for use where masses of foliage are desired, and for low sheared hedges it has but few equals.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6- 8 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | 10 | 80 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | 15 | 120 |

A rather low growing evergreen shrub, having small, bright glossy leaves with gently serrated edges. Pleasingly fragrant both in flower and foliage. The blossoms, which are produced in clusters, are deep shell pink and bell shaped. A good addition to the garden.

| | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | |
| 18-24 " " " "..... | B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 | |
| 2- 3 feet twice transplanted..... | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | | |

Fatshedera lizei

An evergreen shrub growing to a height of 6 feet although it will reach a height of 12 feet or more when trained against a wall or lattice. A cross between *Fatsia* and English Ivy, it has large glossy leaves of charming deep green color. A plant of rare and fine characteristics especially attractive in patios or about pergolas.

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| patios or about pergolas. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 11 | \$..... |
| 12-18 " " " "..... | | | 15 | |
| 18-24 " " " "..... | | | 18 | |
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B .50 | 4.50 | | |

The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

Fir—See *Abies*, *Pseudotsuga*

Firethorn—See *Pyracantha*

Gaultheria shallon (Salal)

Low, hardy evergreen shrub to 2 feet. Native British Columbia to California. Has pinkish white flowers and blue berries, used by the Indians and sometimes for jelly making. Is full branching and the leaves are large, rounded and decorative.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | ----- | 9 | ----- |
| 6- 8 " " " " | ----- | 10 | ----- |

GENISTA (BROOMS)

See also *Cytisus* and *Spartium*

Genista aetnensis (Aetna Broom)

Grows to a height of 4 to 6 feet with slender, nearly leafless branches. Flowers are yellow and fragrant. Blooms June and July. Native of Sicily and Sardinia.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 12-18 inches not transplanted..... | 7 | 56 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 9 | 72 |

Genista decumbens

A creeping broom with tiny, brilliant yellow flowers. Grows dense, low and symmetrical, 15 inches tall and with a spread of 2 feet. Neatly decorative in flower and foliage and distinctly out of the ordinary in brooms. Hardy.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 9 | ----- |
| 6-12 inches twice transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 12-18 " " " | 12 | 96 |

Genista germanica (German Broom)

Grows with stiff upright branches and is very spiny. Has yellow flowers, reaches a height of 3 feet. Good for hedges. Makes a splendid buffer evergreen. Native of central and south Europe.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| 12-18 inches once transplanted..... | 11 |
|-------------------------------------|----|

The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

Ilex pernyi (Perny Holly)

Semi-dwarf, heavily foliated, broad leaved evergreen. Leaves are very prickly. Bears red berries in profusion. Hardy. Native of central China.

| | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------|------|--------|---------|-------|
| | | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 12-15 | inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | \$.90 | \$ 8.10 | \$ 73 |
| 15-18 | " " " " | B&B | 1.00 | 9.00 | 81 |

Ivy—See **Hedera**

JUNIPERUS (JUNIPERS)

Juniperus chinensis armstrongii (Armstrong's Spreading Juniper)

Produces a dense mass of soft gray-green foliage 2 to 3 feet high and broadly spreading. Hardy, vigorous grower.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 9 | |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | 10 | 80 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | 11 | 88 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | 14 | |

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. It has a fine green foliage, which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. Broadly spreading, reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet. Probably the most universal favorite of all junipers of its type.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 9 | 72 |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | 10 | 80 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | 11 | 88 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | 14 | 112 |

Juniperus contorta

A creeping juniper of very decided merit. Foliage bears some resemblance to both Koster Red Cedar and Tamarix Savin Juniper. Height not exceeding 2 feet. A strong, vigorous plant and a medium rapid grower. The numerous low spreading branches are densely clad with pleasing foliage. A Juniper that will give certain satisfaction where a prostrate type is desired.

| | | |
|--|----|-----|
| 10-12 inches once transplanted—cutbacks..... | 15 | 120 |
|--|----|-----|

Juniperus horizontalis (Creeping Juniper)

Procumbent, with trailing, spreading branches well filled with foliage, forming a compact mat in mature plants. Foliage is charming steel-blue the year round, almost cypress-like in texture somewhat resembling the Waukegan Juniper. Native Nova Scotia to British Columbia and south to New York. **Very Hardy.** Valuable as a ground cover in exposed situations and in sandy and rocky soil, combining as it does delightful qualities of color, foliage, habit of growth and hardiness.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 88 |
|------------------------------------|----|----|

Native of the Appalachian mountains. Grows into a compact, symmetrical shrub, densely covered with foliage. Leaves medium size, glossy and unchanging throughout the year. When in bloom the plants are literally bouquets of lovely, cup-shaped flowers, ranging from almost white to deep pink in color on individual specimens. Effective singly or in mass plantings. Height 3 feet or more. Very hardy and very desirable.

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|--|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 10 | \$ 80 |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | | | 11 | 88 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | | | 13 | 104 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | | | 15 | 120 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | | | 18 | 144 |

Dense, rich, glossy foliage. Small leaves. Grows to 18 inches. Very hardy. This is one of the finest dwarf evergreens. It blossoms very early in the spring and is a mass of tiny, nodding, bell-shaped, pink flowers. Native of the high Cascades where it sometimes borders mountain lakes. Very rare.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 10 | ----- |
| 6- 8 " " "" | ----- | ----- | 11 | ----- |

Laurel—See *Kalmia*, *Aucuba*, *Laurocerasus*, *Laurus*

A native of Spain and Portugal, Lusitania being the ancient name of the region almost coincident with Portugal. Grows into a tree in the land of its nativity, but farther north reaches the proportions of a fine shrub. Unexcelled among broad leaved evergreens for hedges. The older plants are magnificent when covered with a mass of spikes, 6 inches long, of white, fragrant blossoms in the spring. Dark green, glossy foliage, large leaves. A hardy strong growing plant which stands shearing well. A beautiful shrub especially when planted with other evergreens.

| | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 6- 8 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 9 | 72 |
| 10-12 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 10 | 80 |
| 12-15 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 12 | 96 |
| 15-18 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 15 | 120 |
| 12-15 inches three times transplanted..... B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 | ----- |

This well known plant is a native of southeastern Europe to northern Persia. It is one of the most popular hardy evergreens in Europe. It has broad, glossy leaves of charming freshness and is a strong vigorous and rapid grower. Fine for hedging, and gives quick results and satisfaction in either hedges or planted singly. Large growing shrub.

| | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----|------|----|-------|
| 12-18 | inches twice transplanted—hedging grade..... | .30 | 2.70 | 23 | |
|-------|--|-----|------|----|-------|

Grows 4 to 6 feet high, wide spreading and is covered in the spring of the year with large spikes of white scented flowers. Foliage rich, glossy green little affected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi-dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

| | | |
|------|----|-----|
| Each | 10 | 100 |
|------|----|-----|

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|------|-------|
| known. Rare. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 6-8 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 9 | 72 |
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 | ----- |

Fragrant evergreen subshrub. On account of its pleasant odor it was an ancient garden favorite and frequently used in the bath. Grows naturally on dry, hilly wastes. Flowers blue. Hardy. Height 3 feet. Excellent hedge subject. Foliage grayish green.

| | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| 8-10 inches | once transplanted..... | | | 8 | |
| 12-15 inches | twice transplanted..... | B&B | .60 | 5.40 | 49 |

A relatively new type of the ancient garden lavender, possessing the usual pleasant odor. Not as tall as officinalis, reaching a height of 2 feet and spread of 3 to 4 feet. The plants grow and do well in a dry and hilly or waste places where they soon fully occupy the ground. A plant of unique and interesting appearance, having odd and attractive flower heads, blue to violet or lilac in color, borne on single stalks all summer.

| | | |
|--|----|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted (bushy)..... | 12 | 96 |
|--|----|----|

One of the most ornamental of the broad leaved evergreens. Semi-dwarf and hardy. A good under-cover plant or facer for taller shrubs. Makes fine sprays for florists' use. Large, glossy foliage, turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. White flowers produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect, but with tips of branches drooping.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 9 | 72 |
| 12-18 " " " | 13 | 104 |

A shapely pyramid in form, with fine, fan-like foliage, that is dense, and a beautiful glossy green. The foliage is also delightfully fragrant. The bark is bright cinnamon-red. Incense Cedar is native Oregon to California and western Nevada. Flourishes on the cold eastern slopes of the Cascade mountains and in dry, rocky soil. A tall growing tree. As an ornamental, they are grown chiefly for their handsome, fragrant evergreen foliage and charming habit of growth. The perfect symmetry of growth from the ground to tip of the tree is a characteristic that places decurcens almost in a class by itself, the only other conifer that is comparable being *Sequoia gigantea*.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 30-36 inches | three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.20 | 101 | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|

Bright golden foliage throughout the year. Upright, compact habit. Very popular. Semi-evergreen. Hardy.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 9 | 72 |
| 12-18 " " " | 11 | |

Oregon Grape—See Mahonia

Picea excelsa (Norway Spruce)

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|--|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 6- 8 " " "..... | | | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " "..... | | | 9 | 72 |
| 10-12 " " "..... | | | 11 | 88 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | | | 13 | 130 |

Picea excelsa (Norway Spruce)

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-8 inches once transplanted..... | 7 | |
| 8-10 " " " | 8 | 64 |
| 10-12 " " " | 10 | 80 |
| 12-15 " " " | 12 | 96 |
| 15-18 " " " | 14 | 112 |

Picea excelsa borealis

| | | |
|------|--|----|
| 4- 6 | inches twice transplanted..... | 8 |
| 6- 8 | " " " " " "..... | 9 |
| 8-10 | " " " " " " "..... | 10 |

***Picea orientalis* (Oriental Spruce)**

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 7 | 56 |
| 6- 8 " " " | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " " | 9 | 72 |

Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | | | | 7 | 56 |
| 6- 8 " " " | | | | 8 | 64 |
| 8-10 " " " | | | | 9 | 72 |
| 10-12 " " " | | | | 11 | 88 |
| 12-15 " " " | | | | 13 | 104 |
| 15-18 " " " | | | | 15 | ----- |
| 4- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | | | | 8 | ----- |
| 6- 8 " " " | | | | 9 | 72 |
| 8-10 " " " | | | | 10 | 80 |
| 10-12 " " " | | | | 12 | 96 |
| 12-15 " " " | | | | 15 | 120 |
| 15-18 " " " | | | | 18 | 144 |
| 10-12 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .45 | 4.10 | 36 | ----- |

The name montana means pertaining to the mountains. A dense, stout dwarf evergreen, of unquestionable hardness. Coming from the high mountains of central Europe it has been dwarfed as trees frequently are that are storm swept for centuries along bleak coast lines or in rugged mountains, and only the hardiest and fittest survive. Such is the selected Mugho Pine, without a peer as a dwarf mountain evergreen. Mature trees reach a height of 4 to 5 feet but having a spread of 6 to 8 feet. It grows with numerous branches and can be kept sheared to small size if desired. Very dense, compact and deep green summer and winter. Our trees are grown from selected seed of the best type and are of very uniform quality.

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|--|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 6-8 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 8 | 64 |
| 6-8 inches twice transplanted..... B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | ----- |
| 8-10 " " " " B&B | .55 | 5.00 | 45 | ----- |
| 10-12 " " " " B&B | .70 | 6.30 | 57 | ----- |
| 12-15 " " " " B&B | .85 | 7.70 | 69 | ----- |

A tree growing to a height of 70 feet and sometimes to twice that height. It has spreading branches that form a pyramidal head. Has dark green, lustrous foliage. A lumber tree, and has been referred to as one of the most ornamental pines for northern parks and public grounds. Range from Newfoundland to Pennsylvania.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 10-12 inches not transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 9 | ----- |
| 12-15 " " "..... | ----- | ----- | 10 | ----- |

A medium sized conifer, native of western China. Dense foliage, which clothes even the stems and branches. Needles 2 to 4 inches long, charmingly brilliant green, soft to the touch and of soft, silky luster. The foliage is a distinctive and decidedly pleasing shade of green, and is in this respect unquestionably the finest of any conifer that we are growing. Its general effect is just right. It could hardly be surpassed for large banks and hillside plantings. Hardy into New England in sheltered locations. Rare. Splendid hedge subject.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|-------|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 | |
| 15-18 " " "..... | B&B | .60 | 5.40 | | |
| 18-24 " " "..... | B&B | .75 | 6.80 | | |

Native from Europe to western and northern Asia. Grows into a large spreading tree with rounded top. The leaves are twisted, bluish green in color and 1½ to 3 inches in length. Reaches a height of 70-120 feet. Needs wide, open places with room for development.

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|----|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 |
| 15-18 " " " | B&B | .60 | 5.40 | 49 |
| 18-24 " " " | B&B | .75 | 6.80 | 61 |

Privet—See Ligustrum

One of the conifers of great commercial value of the Pacific coast. Native British Columbia to Mexico and eastward to Montana and Colorado. Reaches a height of 200 feet or more, being among the tallest trees in the world, and a diameter of 12 feet. Good dark green foliage. We are offering the Colorado silver-gray strain, considered the best for ornamental purposes. A truly stately tree, and while it reaches great size and height it also possesses great ornamental values when introduced into landscaping plans. In its native haunts the younger trees and groups of trees have a most impelling appeal both in form and coloring.

| | | | |
|--|------|----|-----|
| | Each | 10 | 100 |
|--|------|----|-----|

| form and coloring. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 6-8 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 7 | \$ 56 |
| 8-10 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 8 | 64 |
| 10-12 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 9 | 72 |
| 12-15 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 11 | 88 |
| 15-18 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 14 | 112 |
| 18-24 " " " " | ----- | ----- | 18 | 144 |

A tall, scraggly evergreen shrub of surpassing beauty. In the spring it is a shower of white bloom and in the fall it is laden with such enormous masses of brilliant orange-red berries that the foliage is almost concealed. One of the most glorious hardy evergreens known.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 |
| 6-8 " " " | 9 |
| 8-10 " " " | 10 |
| 10-12 " " " | 11 |
| 8-10 inches twice transplanted..... | 12 |
| 10-12 " " " | 13 |
| 12-15 " " " | 15 |
| 15-18 " " " | 18 |
| 18-24 " " " | 21 |
| 2-3 feet twice transplanted..... | 25 |

One of the introductions from China. A dense, shapely evergreen of remarkable appeal. It grows 8 to 10 feet high and spreads the same distance. Has very fine large glossy foliage and coral red berries in heavy corymbs. An unusually fine subject for planting in corners, large masses or slopes. Very hardy.

| | | | | |
|--|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 |
| 18-24 " " " " | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 |
| 2- 3 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | .90 | 8.10 | 73 |
| 3- 4 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.40 | 12.60 | 113 |

Red berried, heavily branching shrub. Medium size. Small bright green leaves, thick foliage. Showy. Hardy.

| | |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 8-10 inches once transplanted..... | 11 |
| 10-12 " " " | 12 |
| 12-15 " " " | 13 |
| 15-18 " " " | 15 |

Pyracantha (Species from Turkey)

| | | | | | |
|--|---|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| | berries. Hardy. Smaller growing than lalandi. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 12-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 15 | \$..... |
| 18-24 " " " " " " " " " " " " | B&B | | | 20 | |
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .50 | 4.50 | 41 | |
| 18-24 " " " " " " " " " " " " | B&B | .65 | 5.90 | 53 | |
| 2- 3 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | .90 | 8.10 | | |
| 3- 4 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.40 | 12.60 | | |

Pyracantha (Species from Turkey)

| | | | | | |
|--|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | .40 | 3.60 | 32 | |
| 2- 3 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | .90 | 8.10 | | |
| 3- 4 feet spread three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.40 | 12.60 | | |

| | |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 10 |
| 12-18 " " "..... | 12 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 15 |

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 12-18 " " "..... | 12 | 96 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 15 | |

Salal—See *Gaultheria*

A rare plant and one of the most handsome of all yews. Foliage bright golden, diminishing in color late in the season. Hardy, slow growing, globe shaped, compact. Seldom reaches a height of more than 5 or 6 feet.

| | | | | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 | |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|----------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| 12-15 | inches | three | times | transplanted.....B&B | \$ 1.10 | \$ 9.90 | \$ 89 | \$..... |
| 15-18 | " | " | " |B&B | 1.40 | 12.60 | 113 | |
| 18-24 | " | " | " |B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 | |

The well known slender growing yew, so frequently used by discriminating architects where choice, narrow landscaping effects are sought. When planted against pillars and columns or in similar situations, it gives an air of perfect culture and refinement. The tree is shapely in form, and the foliage is rich dark green and dense. The name, *baccata fastigiata*, (berry-bearing and columnar) is an exact description. The large bright red berries, profusely intermingled with the foliage in the fall, enhance the beauty of the tree to a marked degree. Rather slow growing, but long lived and substantial. It adds tone and dignity to homes, parks, public buildings and all other plantings where it is used.

| | | | | | |
|--|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 4- 5 feet four times transplanted..... | B&B | 6.75 | | | |
|--|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|

One of the beautiful prostrate types, being of broad vase-shaped form of growth, low and heavily branched. Has deep green foliage. Is a strong vigorous grower, and of far more than ordinary attractive appearance. Occupies a valuable place in landscaping where low growers are desired because of its commanding form and color. Does equally well in sun or shade. Rare.

| | | | | |
|---|------|------|----|-------|
| 12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B | 1.10 | 9.90 | 89 | |
|---|------|------|----|-------|

This B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

Similar to the Prostrate English Yew, but of deeper, darker foliage, and flatter and more spreading in habit of growth. A plant 6 feet across would be only about 2 feet tall. A rare and desirable plant.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|------|------|----|-------|
| 12-15 inches | three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.10 | 9.90 | 89 | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|------|------|----|-------|

This B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 5 cents per plant.

A beautiful evergreen rock plant somewhat resembling heather. It reaches a height of about 1 foot with a spread of 3 feet, and is a bouquet of rosy blooms in midsummer. Extremely hardy, holding its bright, glossy green color in the coldest weather. Has a fragrant foliage, and will add beauty wherever low blossoming plants are desired. Drought resistant, and takes the place of heather in hot dry sections. Good results can be obtained only by shearing immediately after blooming.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 6-10 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
|------------------------------------|---|----|

A low growing form spreading into a dense mat 6 inches high. Foliage dark green, flowers lavender. Rapid growing, desirable ground cover.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| 6-10 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | 64 |
|------------------------------------|---|----|

Thrift—See *Armeria*

Doubtless the most popular dwarf, golden arborvitae known. Almost globe shaped, very compact, foliage vertical and bright gold. Very formal in appearance. Being a universal favorite and hardy, there are few plantings in which it cannot be used to advantage. It always adds tone and color. Height 4 to 5 feet.

| | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| Height 4 to 5 feet. | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
| 12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B | \$ 1.00 | \$ 9.00 | \$ 81 | \$..... |

Dense evergreen carpet, completely covered in spring with crimson magenta flowers, making a solid dazzling mat of royal purple. A marvelous plant. The best of the thymes. For lawn purposes plants should be set about 12 inches apart. One square foot of this sod may be divided into approximately 35 plants.

Per square foot.....50 cents

Small, fragrant, evergreen plant, having a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Leaves are small, and the foliage is so dense that the plants appear as masses of dark green foliage. The flowers are light lavender and grow on numerous spikes 3 to 6 inches in height. An excellent plant for garden borders and rockeries. Grows into a nice, shapely plant in a season or two, and releases its spicy fragrance with the slightest disturbance.

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|-------|
| 4- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | | 8 | |
| 6- 8 " " " | | 9 | |
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B .40 3.60 | | |

Native New Brunswick, Wisconsin and south to Alabama. A well known conifer of graceful, pleasing habit of growth, and regarded by some landscape architects as one of the best of conifers. Perfectly hardy, withstanding low temperature without injury to tree or foliage. Foliage is heavy and attractive, needles are short. Is naturally broadly pyramidal in form but can be grown to a rounded head, and lends itself well to pruning into hedges.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches not transplanted..... | 7 | 56 |
| 12-15 " " "..... | 9 | 72 |
| 6-12 inches twice transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 12-18 " " "..... | 15 | 120 |
| 18-24 " " "..... | 20 | |

First discovered by the Lewis and Clark expedition at the mouth of the Columbia river in 1805. One of the great beauties of the plant is the thick, waxy leaves, of blended shades of green in spring and summer, and changing to a mixture of deep crimson and bronze in fall and winter. Its winter and spring colors utterly defy description. It is a rounded plant, many branched and of unusual density. Strong, vigorous grower, and stands unlimited shearing. Can be sheared into a hedge from 1 to 5 feet tall. Does well in either sun or shade, but is at its best in partly shaded exposures. A hardy evergreen shrub of surpassing merit and a fine hedge plant.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 4- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 8 | ----- |
| 6- 8 " " " "..... | 9 | ----- |
| 8-10 " " " "..... | 10 | ----- |
| 4- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | 10 | 80 |
| 6- 8 " " " "..... | 11 | 88 |
| 8-10 " " " "..... | 12 | ----- |
| 10-12 " " " "..... | 13 | ----- |

Veronica hecknori

A very unusual evergreen with russet green foliage in summer turning to a rich golden color in the winter season. The growth appears in the form of a multitude of symmetrical upright golden spikes, attaining a height of 12 to 15 inches. Makes a fascinating border or low edging plant, and could be used to advantage as a part of almost any low planting. It is a unique type. Hardy.

| | Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|------|---------|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 9 | \$ 72 |
| 6-8 " " " " " " " " " " " " | ----- | ----- | 10 | 80 |
| 8-10 " " " " " " " " " " " " | ----- | ----- | 11 | 88 |
| 6-8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B | .45 | 4.10 | 36 | ✓ ----- |

Vinca minor (Common Periwinkle)

Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. Makes a complete and refreshing ground cover, and thrives with little or no care.

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|----|
| 1 yr. once transplanted..... | 5 | 40 |
|------------------------------|---|----|

Wintercreeper—See *Euonymus*

Xerophyllum tenax (Pine Lily, Bear Grass, Squaw Grass, or Indian Basket Grass)

A native of the Cascade and Rocky mountains. Grows into a graceful symmetrical bunch in weeping form and might be described as a low fountain in grass, about 18 inches high and 2 to 3 feet across. Out of the center of this grassy bunch grow the tall stems 3 to 5 feet in height and from 1 to as many as 20 in number, crowned with the long creamy-white lily heads of matchless beauty. The leaves which are grass-like are evergreen, and unusual as it may seem, it is an evergreen belonging to the lily family. Mountain slopes and meadows, clad in fields of these lilies are a thrilling picture, which once seen will never be forgotten. The grass is said to have been used by the squaws in early days in weaving baskets. Perfectly hardy, rather slow growing but long-lived. Should be planted in groups, and in the open where it is partially shaded during the day for best results. Will not bloom well if too shaded. The fine bunches of long, silky grass are very ornamental when the lily is not in bloom. A plant with a future, and rare in American gardens.

| | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 4-6 inches once transplanted..... | | | 7 | 56 |
| 6-12 " " " "..... | | | 12 | 96 |
| 6-12 inch spread twice transplanted..... B&B | .45 | 4.10 | 36 | |
| 12-18 inch spread twice transplanted..... B&B | .60 | 5.40 | 49 | |
| 18-24 inch spread twice transplanted..... B&B | .75 | 6.80 | 61 | |

Yew—See Taxus

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERED

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broadleaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Once transplanted..... | 8 |
| Twice transplanted..... | 9 |

